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CARES/ESSER Funding and Supporting IB Programs in US Public Schools

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FLIBS Support and a Collective Voice

Bob Poole

Quick Overview: IB in the United States:

First teaching of the IB

There has been an IB World School in this country since:





IB World schools

currently offer one or more of four IB programmes.

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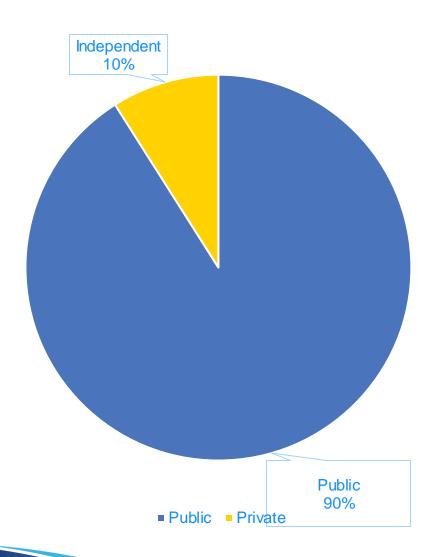


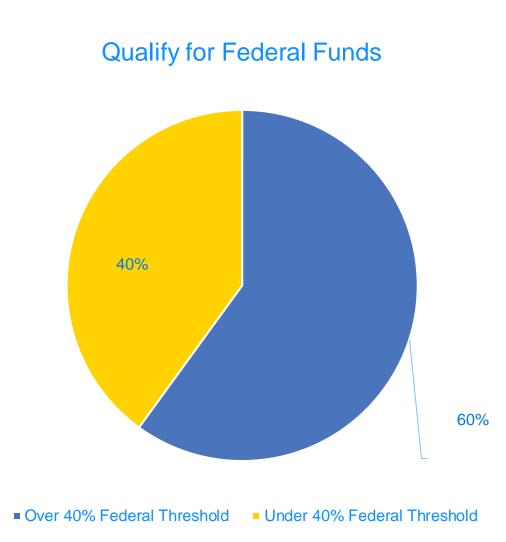






IB Schools in the United States







Federal Funding & US Schooling: A Historical Root

Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 1965



Equal Opportunity & Outcomes

- Was a direct intervention by the Johnson Administration's "War on Poverty" campaign and to further solidify the newly created Office of Civil Rights (1964) and uphold *Brown v Board* (1954)
- Original goal- which remains today was to improve educational opportunity and outcomes for students from lower-income families by providing federal funds to schools serving impoverished students
- "As the son of a tenant farmer, I know that education is the only valid passport from poverty."



Federal Funding Response to C19

I. Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act (enacted March, 2020): \$30B for Education

II. Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act (enacted December, 2020): \$81B for Education

III. American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act (enacted April, 2021): \$168.75B for Education

Due to these Acts, significant federal funds are distributed to LEAs/Districts/Schools through the **Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund** predominately, but not exclusively, for schools qualifying for federal Title funds (ESEA/ESSA)

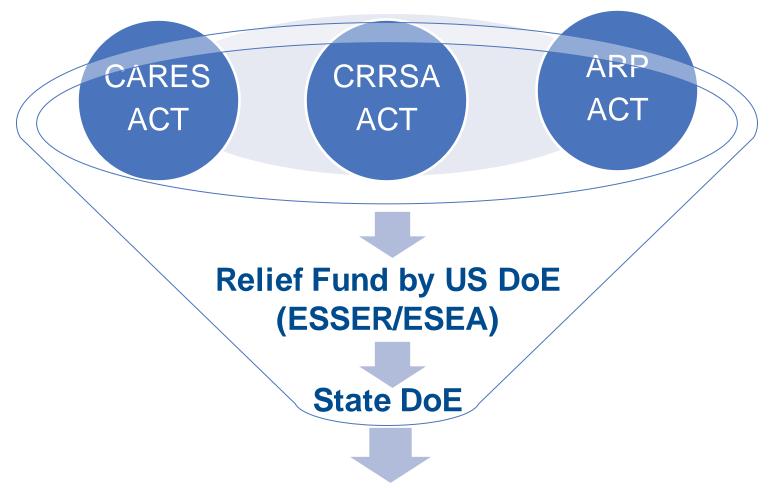


How it works:

Under ESSER (Elementary & Secondary Emergency Relief Fund), **established in the** Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, Pub. L. No. 116-136 (March 27, 2020), and further funded **under** the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act, 2021, Pub. L. No. 116-260 (December 27, 2020) and the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act of 2021, Pub. L. No. 117-2 (March 11, 2021), the U.S. Department of Education (Department) awarded grants to State educational agencies (SEAs) for the purpose of providing local educational agencies (LEAs) that receive funds under part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), including charter schools that are LEAs, with emergency relief funds to address the impact the COVID-19 pandemic has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the Nation.



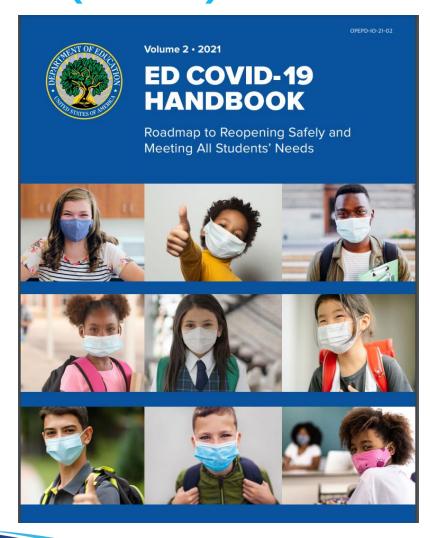
A Visual



Districts, Charters, & Private Schools



ARP and the Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund



Breakdown:

- \$123 billion for K–12 state education agencies (including \$800 million for homeless children)
- 40 billion for institutions of higher education
- \$2.75 billion to governors for private schools
- \$3 billion for the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act



ESSER, IB, & Equity

Learning Loss

*What does the research really say?

- Inquiry
- Rigor & Relevancy
- Social & Emotional

Bottom line for IB Schools:

Any allowable use of funds under ESEA/Every School Succeeds Act (ESSA, 2015) is allowable under ESSER



American Rescue Plan Act Summary of K-12 Education Provisions



Funding for Education

- \$123 billion for K-12 state education agencies (including \$800 million for homeless children)
- \$40 billion for institutions of higher education
- \$2.75 billion to governors for private schools
- \$3 billion for the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act

Distribution of K-12 Funding (Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund)

The amount of funding allocated to each state and district will be based on the relative amount of Title I funding the state or district receives. States are required to subgrant at least 87.5 percent of their funding to school districts (including charter schools that are considered school districts).

State Set-Asides

States are required to set-aside funds from their grants for the following purposes:

5% to address learning loss

- 1% for evidence-based, comprehensive afterschool programs
- 1% for evidence-based summer enrichment

Local Educational Agency Use of Funds

Within 30 days of receiving funding, school districts must publish a plan to reopen schools for in-person instruction. In addition, at least 20% of funds must be used to address learning loss through evidence-based interventions that respond to students' academic, social, and emotional needs. The remaining funds can be used for any allowable use under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act; and Adult Education and Family Literacy Act. Funds also can be used for such purposes as

- coordinating with public health departments;
- conducting activities to address the needs of students from low-income families, children with disabilities, English learners, racial and ethnic minorities, students experiencing homelessness, and foster care youth;
- purchasing educational technology (including hardware, software, and connectivity as well as assistive technology or adaptive equipment);
- · summer learning, and supplemental after-school programs;
- mental health services;
- addressing learning loss;
- · school facility repairs to reduce risk of virus transmission and support student health;
- implementing public health protocols including policies in line with guidance from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for school-reopening; and
- · implementing activities to maintain the operation and continuity of services and to employ existing staff.

Maintaining State Funding

To receive funding, states must provide at least as much funding for K-12 and higher education in fiscal

Allowable Use Under ESSER

- Adding or starting an IB programme in a school
- Planning the programme (pre-work, trainings, FTEs)
- Installing curriculum changes associated with the programme (curricular materials)
- Professional Development: Training teachers and school leaders to effectively deliver the program
- Examination fees for the programme



RECOMMENDATIONS FOR STATE LEADERS TO ADVANCE EQUITY USING FUNDS FROM THE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT

The COVID-19 crisis has disrupted education for all students, but has hit students from vulnerable and systemically neglected populations — students living in poverty, students with disabilities, students learning English, students experiencing homelessness, students in the foster care system, students who are incarcerated, undocumented students, Black and Brown students, Native students, and students who identify as I GRTO — hardest. Beyond interruptions to instruction, many of these students face food insecurity. unreliable access to remote learning technology, reduced access to student supports and education services, and housing uncertainty. Racial inequities caused by long-standing racial violence and exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic cause further stress and anxiety for students of color and expose some of the additional daily challenges they face.

In response to these crises, the federal government is providing an additional \$125 billion to states and school districts through the American Recovery Plan Act (ARP), ARP requires states and school districts to use at least 5% and 20% of the funding they receive, respectively, to implement evidence-based interventions to address unfinished learning and to address students' academic, social, and emotional needs. This package includes \$3 billion for the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and \$800 million for supporting students experiencing homelessness, which state leaders must use to support these student groups (along with other federal and state funding which can — and should — be used for this purpose as well). The U.S. Department of Education (ED) has already begun sending these resources out. In April, ED released a state application for the remaining funds.

This unprecedented investment in education provides states and school districts with a chance to close opportunity gaps that existed prior to COVID-19. For perspective, the total investment in K-12 schools through ARP, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic





















Volume 2 • 2021

ED COVID-19 HANDBOOK

Roadmap to Reopening Safely and Meeting All Students' Needs













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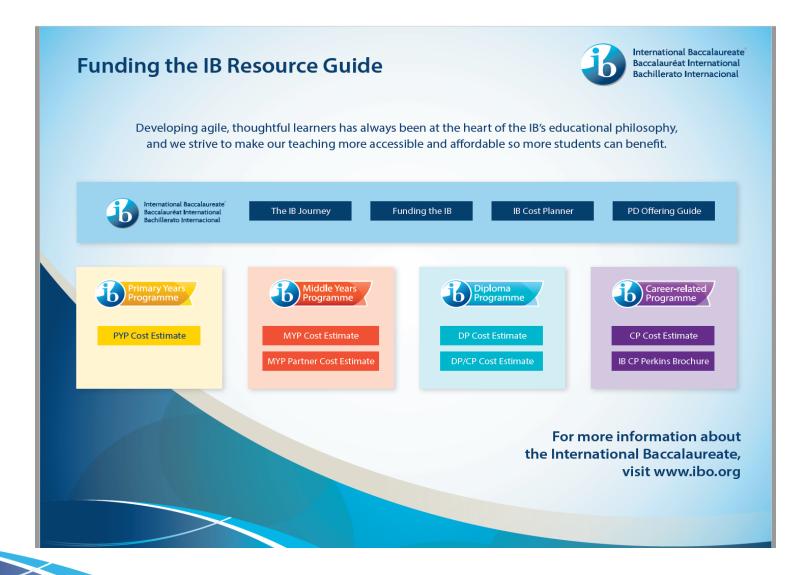
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Support Tools for Sustaining & Growing IB Programmes





Resources

https://join.ibo.org/FundingIB

The IB Journey: **Becoming an IB World School**



The IB journey is one of reflection, inquiry, and growth as a school. However, your school will not walk the journey alone. We work together throughout your school's journey - with a shared vision and passion - to deliver our mission of creating a better world through education; to grow our diverse community of schools; to increase access to excellent education for students of all backgrounds, everywhere; and to have a positive impact on the lives of millions worldwide.

Consideration phase



Consider the IB

- · Reach out to the IB in learning more about becoming an IB World School
- Learn about IB programmes the Primary Years (PYP), Middle Years (MYP), Diploma (DP), and the Career-related Programme (CP)
- Analyze and reflect on the IB's philosophy and structure alongside the Guide for Authorization for the PYP, MYP, DP, CP, or DP/CP

Apply to become an IB candidate school

- Schools work with the IB Development Team to open an Application for Candidacy and project an authorization readiness timeline
 School leadership registers for professional development*
- Schools project a five-year budget, pay Application Fee,
- and submit an Application for Candidacy IR works with the school to issue a decision on candidacy



You are an IB candidate

school

The pieces are in place: It is time to apply

- School informs the IB to open the Application for
- School pays Candidacy / Application for

Your school is an **IB World School**



Application phase

You have done the homework. Now it is time to apply.

Putting the pieces in place

Candidacy is the period of time where a school puts the pieces in place to become an IB World School

- Schools begin Category 1 trainings designed for
- inquiry-based teaching and learning experiences IB assigns a consultant to guide school during
- candidacy while programme pieces are initiated School pays Candidacy/Consultation Services Fee
- The school and the IB schedule consultant visit
- IB issues consultant visit report
- School determines that it meets the requirements for authorization, including completion of professional development and receives end of consultancy report

Apply to become an IB **World School**

Become an IB World School

- · IB issues response to the Application for
- authorization and a verification visit is scheduled
- School continues training, deepens teaching and learning, and refines programming
- IB visits school and issues verification visit report School resolves matters to be addressed, if any
- IB issues decision on authorization
- School submits signed authorization agreement
- IR awards authorization

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Funding the IB: Did You Know? International Baccalaureate Baccalauréat International Funding the IB is easier than it seems. Below is an overview of funding Bachillerato Internacional opportunities frequently used by IB schools to expand access, grow programming, or start the IB journey. Let's begin.. · the IB programmes you seek to create or expand your eligibility for federal funding your local philanthropic community state-based possibilities The federal Every Student Succeeds Act identifies the IB as an appropriate use for these Title funds: Title I: Provides funds to meet state academic standards for eligible Federal Funding students; execute evidence-based educational strategies; increase the skills and performance of underachieving students Title II: Provides funds to Professional Development and the Title I Charter Schools Program may used to train IB course teachers or Title II Title IV Title IV: Provides funds for a well-rounded education integrating career and university preparation; improve student health, safety, and long-term economic stability; support effective use of technology The Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act (Perkins V) provides nearly \$1.3 Perkins V billion annually for career and technical education (CTE) programs for youth and adults in the United States, Perkins funds are not only authorized to purchase supplies and equipment, they can also fund innovative program costs such as annual fees, professional development, and in some cases, staffing. Perkins V funding is an excellent fit for the IB Career-related Programme We recommend schools approach state and local philanthropic Philanthropy foundations (community foundations) looking to support exemplary schooling for all and/or businesses/corporations looking to invest in the future workforce. Comm Foundations, philanthropic organizations oriented toward world-class schooling, and Chambers of Commerce are great resources for grants or identifying businesses/companies looking to support exemplary schooling and workplaceeducation developments. Inquire and Research State Funding State tax credit programs Department of Education Innovation and CTE block grants District Foundations City and County Grants for Schools Other State-Based Revenue Sources Unique to



tart-Up Cost Estimate - Diploma Programme (DP) Year of Application for Candidacy fee* (and required Professional Development (PD) for Copy of check, or purchase order and the Head of School) workshop completion certificate are consideration (+\$450-\$1600 uploaded into documents section of for initial PD) the application. Year I Candidacy and consultation services YI fee Once a school has been awarded Includes remote consultation, 2-day on-site visit, consultant visit report, end of candidacy, a non-refundable candidacy consultancy report, access to the IB's Programme Resource Center, direct and consultation services fee will be support from the authorization department via programme relationship charged to the school on the 1st of the month following the granting of their candidacy. Training Costs per participant All teaching DP courses must be trained, including TOK and CAS Option I: Online - abbrox, \$450* Option 2: Face-to-face - starting at \$744*(Travel and accommodation are additional expenses) See p.8 of Guide to Other Options: Refer to PD Offerings PDF and/or https://www.ibo.org/professional-development/find-events-and-workshops/ school authorization: Diploma Programme NOTE: Some schools choose to spread training costs across both years of candidacy. Training requirements must be met for authorization. Year 2 Candidacy and application for authorization services Y2 fee Once a school notifies the IB that it Candidacy and consultation services fee will no longer be charged. This service would like to apply for authorization, fee will be billed yearly from this point until the school is authorized: covers a non-refundable candidacy and cost of assessing and processing the application for authorization, a 2-day application for authorization services

fee will be charged to the school on

the 1st of the month following this

July (Invoiced in June, US schools)

\$11,650

Apprx. \$4000

verification visit to the school (only one visit per candidacy is covered), a

Programme Resource Center, direct support from the authorization

department via your programme relationship manager.

Annual school fee (Post authorization)

Evaluation visit (Every 5 years)

Year 3

Year 8

verification visit report, final authorization of the school, access to the IB's

	Prima	ary Years Prog	ramme Costin	g Guide	(IBA)							
,						Consideration Phase	Candidacy		Authorized IB World School			
Standard Fees							Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Application for Candidacy Fee							/////////			<i>(((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((</i>		
Candidacy and Consultation Services Phase/Fee							\$9,500					
Candidacy and Consultation Services Phase/Fee Amount of time based on school readiness:This phase/fee continues until the Application for Authorization is requested to							X//////					
be opened							X///////	1	l .			
Candidacy and Authorization Services Phase/Fee							*******					
This phase/fee is initiated by the school's request to open the Application for Authorization, billed annually until authorized							X	\$9,500		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Annual Authorized School Fee							X	***************************************	\$8,520		44444	1
Annual Authorized School Fee							X	*************	444444	\$8,520		
Annual Authori	ized School Fee						× / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /				\$8,520	
Work	kshop	Type of workshop	Cost Per Work (USD)	shop	Enter n° of participants							Grand Total at the end of 5 years USD
			Mai	datory Wo	rkshop for Application for Ca	ndidacy (Head of Sc	hool)					
Category 1: Hea	d of School	Online	\$450		1	\$450.00						
Category 1: Head of School		In-school	\$550				-					
Category 1: Head of School		Face-to-Face	\$744									
Category 1: Head of School		HOS: Adding a Programme	Free: No Charge		1							
Category 1: nea	d or school	Adding a Programme	Free: No Cha	ge	IB Coordinator Worksh	on						***************************************
Category 1: Coo	edinators	Online	\$450		1 Coordinator Worksh	\$450						MILLIAN IN THE STATE OF THE STA
Category 1: Coordinators		In-School	\$550		1	3430			_			***************************************
Category 1: Coordinators		Face-to-Face	\$744									
22.7 I COO			0,44		Category 1, 2 and 3 Work	shops						***************************************
Professional Development Yr 1 Refer to PD Offerings			//			2///////	X///////	XIIIIIII				
Professional Development Yr 2								1				
		Refer to PD Offerings					XIIIIII		1			
		Refer to PD Offerings					000000000000000000000000000000000000000		3///////	1		
		Refer to PD Offerings				X	201111111			11111111		
Total in USD for						\$4,900.00	9,500	\$9,500	8,520	8,520	8,520	49,460



Questions and Dialogue

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